



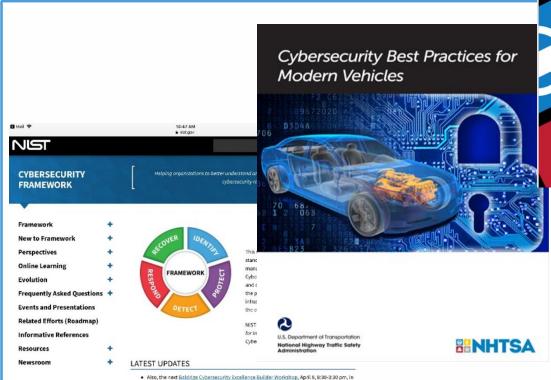
## **Cyber Security and Vehicle Diagnostics**

Mark Zachos

DG Technologies







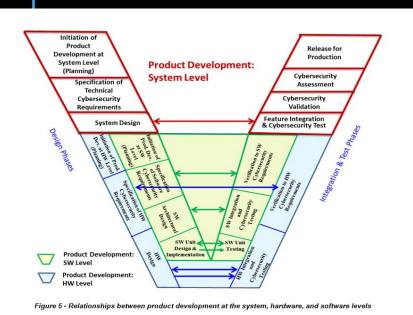
Baltimore, MD. It's a practical, interactive workshop on using the Baldrige Cybersecurity





#### SAE J3061 Cybersecurity Guidebook for Cyber-Physical Automotive Systems

 Published January 2016; drive to a risk-based, process-driven approach to address the Cybersecurity threats the automotive environment is experiencing.

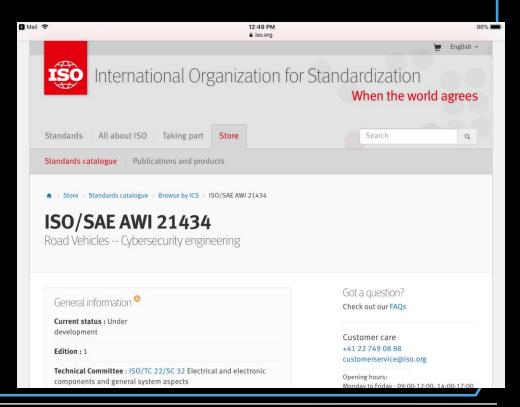


- Provides guidance on how to integrate cybersecurity into their product development lifecycle
- Establishes the desired relationships between cybersecurity and safety
- J3061 provides a foundation for further security standards development and is the "go-to" resource throughout industry



#### **SAE and ISO Collaboration**

**Enhancement of SAE J3061** 





#### **Standards Overview**





J3005-2







SAE J3005-1

SAE J3138



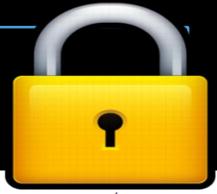




#### ISO TC22/SC31/WG2/PT2

#### Draft document being developed for submission as a NWIP





# Tester Authentication & Rights Management Obtaining certificates from a backend



- Optional (see notes): test tool needs to provide data from the vehicle (e.g. challenge for current diagnostic session)
- 2. Test tool authenticates itself against the backend using a secure channel
- 3. Backend provides certificate



# Permanently or Semi-Permanently Installed Diagnostic Communication Devices- Security Guidelines

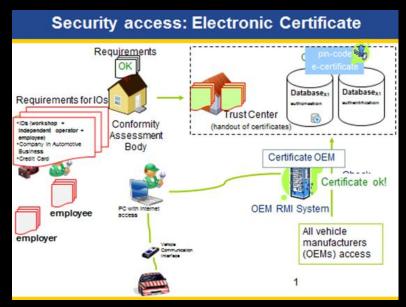
- Best practices for OBD-II interface and telematic devices for handling cyber security issues.
  - Design and implement a secure firmware/software update process
  - Secure product interfaces with authentication, integrity protection and encryption
  - Obtain an independent security assessment of your product
  - Secure the companion mobile applications and/or gateways that connect with your products (e.g., encryption/ privileges/authentication)
  - Implement a secure root of trust for root chains and private keys on the device





#### SAE J3146 - draft

Industry practices related to securing the diagnostics interface to a vehicle (e.g. EU SERMI)





### Secure Over The Air (SOTA) ECU software updates









# WORLD CONGRESS EXPERIENCE

### **US-NHTSA** focus on OBD-II Security

September 12: Letter from House Committee on Energy and Commerce to NHTSA RE: OBD-II Security

"...request that NHTSA convene an industry-wide effort to develop a plan of action for addressing the risk posed by the existence of the OBD-II port in the modern vehicle ecosystem."

- September 28: NHTSA requests SAE to take the lead and convene industry group to examine issue
- October 14: NHTSA response to House Committee highlights SAE role:

"At NHTSA's urging, SAE International has started a working group that is looking to explore ways to harden the OBD-II port. This group is making good progress and the Agency remains hopeful that the group will move expeditiously to develop a set of recommendations."

ONE HUNDRED FOURTEENTH CONGRESS

## Congress of the United States Bouse of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE

2125 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING WASHINGTON, DC 20515–6115

Majority (202) 225-2927 Minority (202) 225-3641

September 12, 2016

U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

Antoninistrator

1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE Washington, DC 20590

October 14, 2016

The Honorable Fred Upton Chairman

Committee on Energy and Commerce U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chairman Upton:

Thank you for your letter regarding automotive cybersecurity and your observations regarding vulnerabilities associated with On-Board Diagnostics (OBD-II) ports installed in light vehicles. I appreciate the opportunity to outline the Agency's general approach to vehicle cybersecurity and current activities underway associated with the OBD-II port.



### SAE Data Link Connector (DLC) Vehicle Security

#### Recommend Practice SAE J3138 draft

- Definition of "Hardened OBD-II Port"
- Firewall function recommendations for the DLC
- •ECU security recommendations for data link connections
- •Still allow required communications per vehicle emissions regulations









#### **SAE J3138**

The vehicle should be in a "safe state" prior to an <u>intrusive</u> OBD Service Request operation

#### Table 1 List of SAE J1979 services

Service	e Description	Non-intrusive Intru	ısive
0x01	Request current powertrain diagnostic data	X	
0x02	Request powertrain freeze frame data	X	
0x03	Request emission-related diagnostic trouble codes	X	
0x04	Clear/Reset emission-related diagnostic information	X*	
0x06	Request On-board monitoring test results for specific monitored systems	Х	
0x07	Request emission-related diagnostic trouble codes detected during current or last completed driving cycle	X	
80x0	Request control of on-board system, test or component	)	X
0x09	Request vehicle information	X	
0x0A	Request emission-related diagnostic trouble codes with permanent status	X	

#### Table 2 ISO 14229-1 Services

Service	Description	Non-intrusive Intrusive	
0x10	DiagnosticSessionControl	X*	
	Subservice - ECUProgrammingSession	ı	X
0x11	ECUReset		X
0x14	ClearDiagnosticInformation	X*	
0x19	ReadDTCInformation	X	
0x22	ReadDataByldentifier	X	
0x23	ReadMemoryByAddress	X	
0x24	ReadScalingDataByldentifier	X	
0x27	SecurityAccess	X	
0x28	CommunicationControl		X
0x2A	ReadDataByPeriodicIdentifier	X	
0x2C	DynamicallyDefineDataIdentifier	X	
0x2E	WriteDataByldentifier		X
0x2F	InputOutputControlByldentifier		X
0x31	RoutineControl		X
0x34	RequestDownload		X
0x35	RequestUpload		X
0x36	TransferData		X
0x37	RequestTransferExit		X
0x38	RequestFileTransfer		X
0x3D	WriteMemoryByAddress		X
0x3E	TesterPresent	X	
0x83	AccessTimingParameters		X
0x84	SecuredDataTransmission		X*
0x85	ControlDTCSetting		X
0x86	ResponseOnEvent		X
0x87	LinkControl		X
*Note - S	Service 0x04, Service 0x10, Service 0x14 and	Service 0x84	may have some

\*Note - Service 0x04, Service 0x10, Service 0x14 and Service 0x84 may have some intrusive functionality and it is required of the Vehicle Manufacturer to protect against misuse.

#### 4.2 LEGISLATED SERVICES



#### **SAE J3138 Validation Testing**

- SAE J3138 specifies that the vehicle to be in a "Safe State" (e.g. stopped) for OBD-II communications.
- Validation Test
  - Before starting OBD-II test the tools checks that vehicle speed is zero
  - If not zero, the test aborts the test sequence
- However, a defect/malicious actor could try to trick the test
  - By injecting a false vehicle speed of zero before the actual vehicle speed message
  - Thereby tricking (spoofing) the test to continue



#### **BEACON J3138 Test Utility**

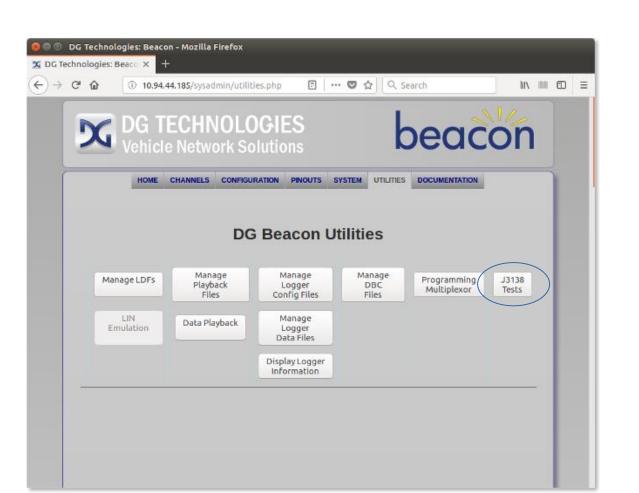
- The DG BEACON J3138 test utility allows the user to easily build and execute test sessions through a web page interface
- The user can easily construct OBD-II request and response messages
- The user can add padding and extra data bytes to the message

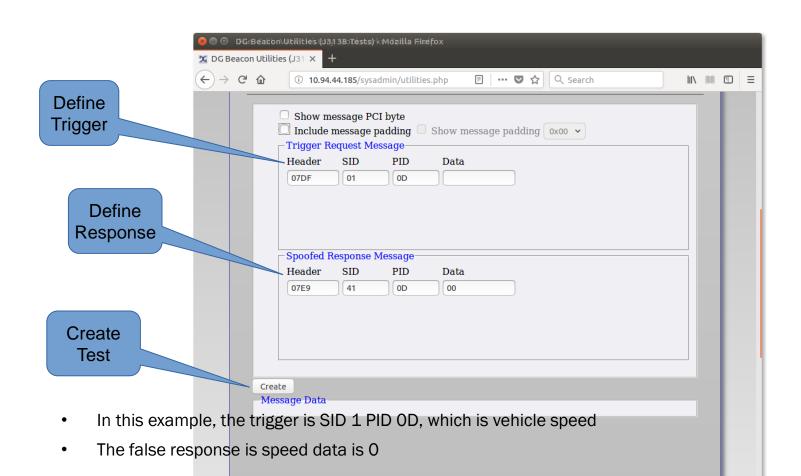
definition

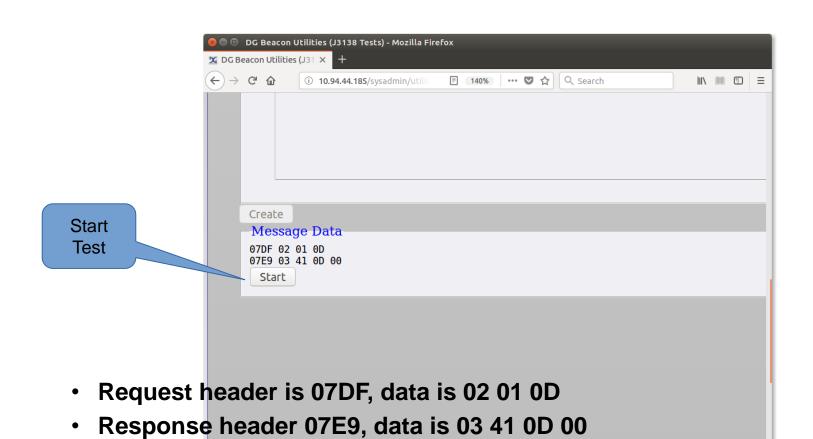






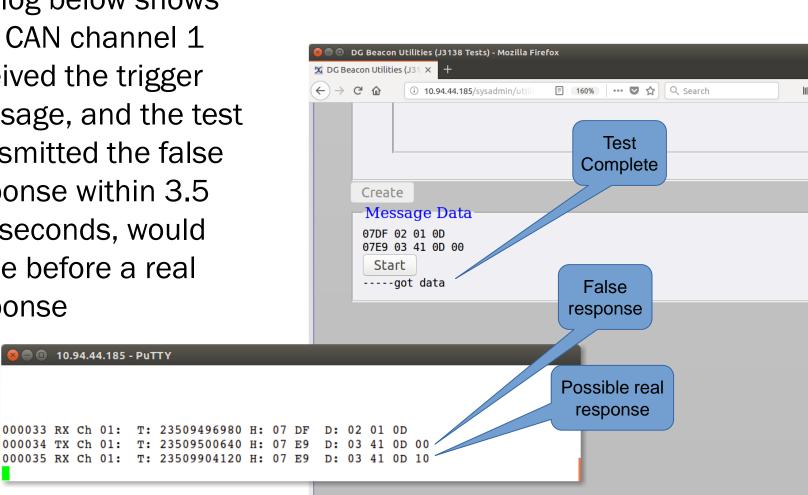




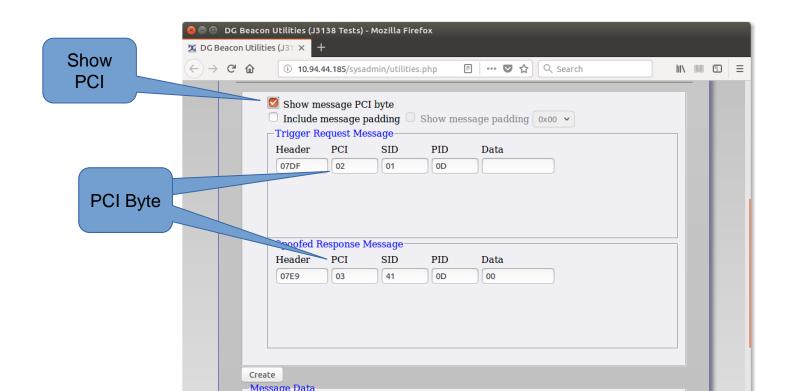


The log below shows that CAN channel 1 received the trigger message, and the test transmitted the false response within 3.5 milliseconds, would come before a real response

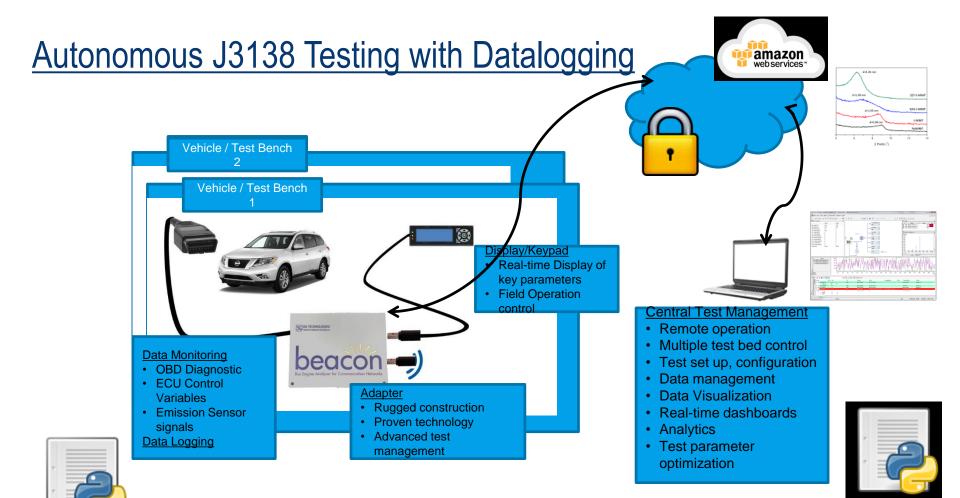
10.94.44.185 - PuTTY



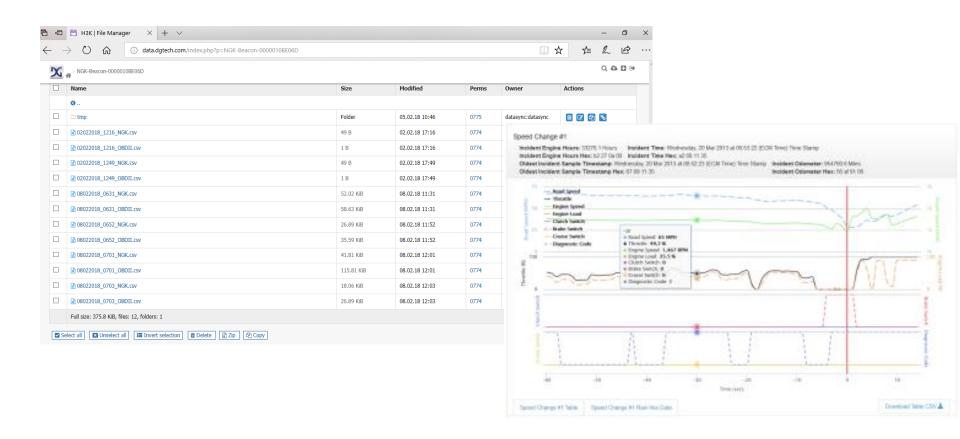
- Click start again to start the test again
- Click J3138 button to start over and define a new test
- User can show and change PCI byte



User can show and DG Beacon Utilities (J3138 Tests) - Mozilla Firefox □ DG Beacon Utilities (J31 × + change pad ← → C û ■ ··· ☑ ☆ Q Search i 10.94.44.185/sysadmin/utilities.php ☐ Show message PCI byte Include message padding Show message padding OxAA ∨ Include & Trigger Request Message-Header SID Padding PID Data Show 07DF 01 0D AA AA AA AA padding Change Message padding Spoofed Response Message padding Padding **Padding** 07E9 41 00 AA AA AA AA 0D example 10.94.44.185 - PuTTY 000037 RX Ch 01: T: 27167388470 H: 07 DF D: 02 01 0D AA AA AA AA AA 000038 TX Ch 01: T: 27167392290 H: 07 E9 D: 03 41 0D 00 AA AA AA AA 000039 RX Ch 01: T: 27167795880 H: 07 E9 D: 03 41 0D 10 AA AA AA AA



#### **J3138 Autonomous Datalogger Cloud Data Example**





#### **Additional Cyber Test Utilities**

#### Denial of Service (DOS)

Overloading CANbus(s) with message traffic



#### Fuzzing

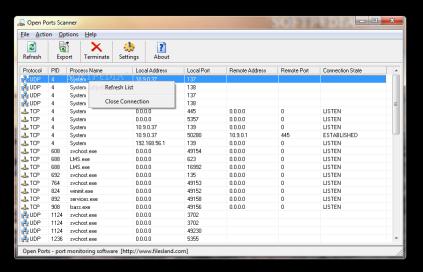
- Allows the user to check the performance of an ECU or network in the presence of repeated and varied malformed CAN Bus messages
  - Data value fuzzing (e.g. Boofuzz)
  - Hardware fuzzing: Creation of malformed CAN Bus messages (incorrect data bits, incorrect stuff bits, incorrect CRC)





#### **Detection of unspecified Diagnostics Services ("open port scan")**

Polling ECUs with UDS SID requests and recording responses





#### Additional integrated test system support

Professional Cyber Security Test Tools



Or, roll your own with opensource, SocketCAN interface









### J3138 vehicle speed "spoof" test







## Thank you!

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